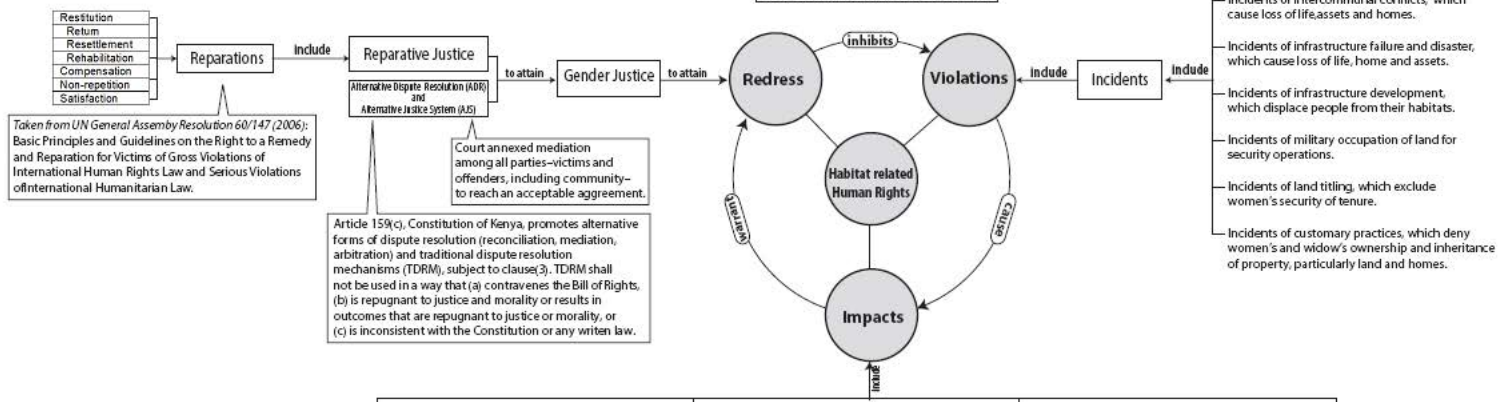


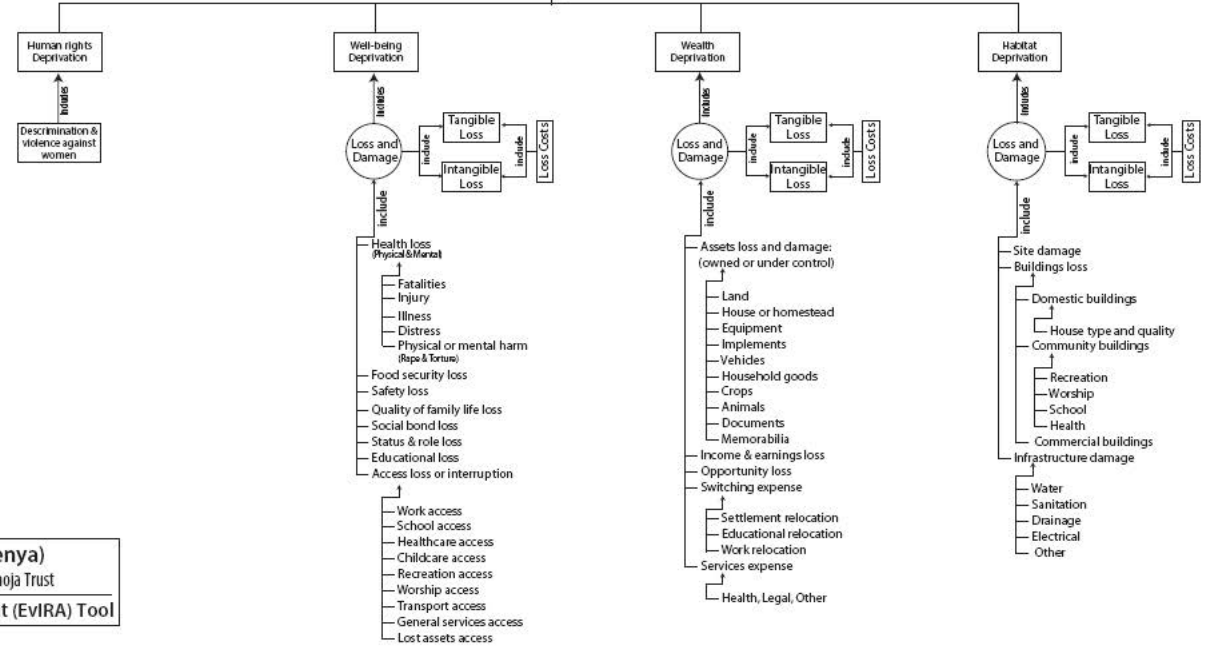
Habitat related Human Rights violations cause impacts, impacts warrant redress and redress may inhibit future violations.



Taken from UN General Assembly Resolution 60/147 (2006): Basic Principles and Guidelines on the Right to a Remedy and Reparation for Victims of Gross Violations of International Human Rights Law and Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law.

Article 159(c), Constitution of Kenya, promotes alternative forms of dispute resolution (reconciliation, mediation, arbitration) and traditional dispute resolution mechanisms (TDRM), subject to clause(3). TDRM shall not be used in a way that (a) contravenes the Bill of Rights, (b) is repugnant to justice and morality or results in outcomes that are repugnant to justice or morality, or (c) is inconsistent with the Constitution or any written law.

Court annexed mediation among all parties-victims and offenders, including community-to reach an acceptable agreement.



Women, Land and Homes Project (Kenya)
 HIC HLRN in collaboration with Mazingira Institute and Pamoja Trust
Evictions, Impacts and Redress Assessment (EVIIRA) Tool

(Davinder Lamba, Mazingira Institute, Nov. 2018)